It’s that time of year for family reunions, July 4th parties, camping and more! Don’t invite foodborne illness to your party! Here are some tips for a perfect picnic:

- **Plan ahead** to bring essential items such as a food thermometer, cooler chest with ice, plenty of clean utensils, storage containers for leftovers, paper towels, and trash bags.

- **In preparation for your picnic,** don’t thaw meat on the counter overnight—that’s not safe. Thaw food in the refrigerator or cook from the frozen state. Don’t partially cook meat and poultry ahead of time.

- **When you arrive at the picnic site,** the first task is to wash your hands before preparing food. If running water is not available, use disposable wet wipes or hand sanitizer to clean your hands before and after touching food.

- **Don’t leave foods out in the sun.** At the picnic, keep the cooler in the shade. Serve food quickly from the cooler and return it fast. In hot weather, above 90°F, food shouldn’t sit out of the cooler over an hour.

Learn more at [www.ksre.k-state.edu/foodsafety/topics/outdoor.html](http://www.ksre.k-state.edu/foodsafety/topics/outdoor.html)

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### Food Preservation Classes in June

Food preservation classes are now scheduled for the following dates/locations:

- June 10—Centralia, contact Cindy Williams, [csw@ksu.edu](mailto:csw@ksu.edu), 785-863-2212 OR Susie Latta, [slat-ta@ksu.edu](mailto:slat-ta@ksu.edu), 785-562-3531
- June 13—Abilene, contact Chelsi Myer, [chel-sim@ksu.edu](mailto:chel-sim@ksu.edu), 785-263-2001
- June 16 or 17—Salina, contact Leah Robinson, [lmbrobin@ksu.edu](mailto:lmbrobin@ksu.edu), 785-392-2147
- June 21 - Eureka, contact Beth Ireland, [bethire-land@ksu.edu](mailto:bethire-land@ksu.edu), 620-583-7455
- June 30—Hutchinson, contact Jennifer Schroeder, [jeni@ksu.edu](mailto:jeni@ksu.edu), 620-662-2371
USDA Complete Guide to Home Canning

The University of Georgia has issued an update to the USDA Complete Guide to Home Canning dated 2015. Purdue University will be selling the publication and are currently taking pre-orders at www.extension.purdue.edu/usdacanning/. Here are the updates:

- Page 1-10. Equipment and methods not recommended. Neither one-piece zinc porcelain-lined caps nor zinc caps that use flat rubber rings for sealing jars are recommended any longer.
- Page 1-35. Pressure Canner—The minimum volume of canner that can be used is one that will hold 4 quart jars sitting upright on the rack.

Put It Up! Curriculum

Do you use the Put It Up! Food Preservation for Youth curriculum from the National Center for Home Food Preservation? If so, they would appreciate any feedback to help evaluate and improve the program. There are online feedback forms within the website for your use. This data will be used to provide feedback to the USDA to help make changes to the program.

http://nchfp.uga.edu/putitup.html

Commercial Jerky Recall

A Clarkson, WA establishment has recalled beef jerky products due to under processing and potential survival of pathogens in the meat. This recall is a reminder to those who dehydrate jerky at home to heat the meat to 160°F to eliminate potential E. coli bacteria. There are two methods to heat the meat. Choose one of the following:

1. Boil the meat strips in the marinade prior to dehydrating for five minutes.
2. After dehydrating, place the jerky on a cookie sheet and place in a pre-heated oven at 275°F for 10 minutes.

For more information see: www.bookstore.ksre.ksu.edu/pubs/MF3173.pdf

Jerky recall details can be found at: http://1.usa.gov/1OiSoEZ
Xylitol and Your Dog

Dogs tend to chew on or eat anything in sight. So be careful about foods containing xylitol that could be within Fido’s reach. Why is xylitol dangerous to dogs, but not people?

In both people and dogs, the level of blood sugar is controlled by the release of insulin from the pancreas. In people, xylitol does not stimulate the release of insulin from the pancreas. When dogs eat something containing xylitol, the xylitol is more quickly absorbed into the bloodstream, and may result in a potent release of insulin from the pancreas.

This rapid release of insulin may result in a rapid and profound decrease in the level of blood sugar (hypoglycemia), an effect that can occur within 10 to 60 minutes of eating the xylitol. Untreated, this hypoglycemia can quickly be life-threatening.

Safe Convenience Food Preparation

Every year, one in six Americans become ill from foodborne illness. Many times, these illnesses are traced back to improperly cooking foods, especially convenience foods. The Partnership for Food Safety Education has a education effort entitled Cook It Safe! to help consumers learn about safe cooking.

Not all convenience foods are intended to be heated or cooked in a microwave. Many are conventional oven use only. So, always read and follow the cooking directions on the package. If a microwave can be used, know the microwave wattage to know how much time it will take to heat the food. Finally, always use a thermometer to safely reach the proper internal temperature. Many convenience foods need “stand time” after cooking to allow the food to reach safe temperatures.


Safe WATCH

Water is essential for all life. The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) states that about one in nine Americans get their water from private wells. About one in five sampled private wells are considered unsafe.

The CDC wants to help health departments reduce harmful exposures from private well water sources. The Safe WATCH program can help identify gaps in local health department programs and then take actions to correct problems.

The Kansas Department of Agriculture (KDA) is hosting three egg grading workshops in June. Grading eggs adds more marketing options for poultry farmers. All workshops are free of charge.

For more information and registration, go to:

www.agriculture.ks.gov/egg-grading

Classes will be held at:

**Hays:**
Tuesday, June 7, 5:30-7:30 p.m.

**Lawrence:**
Tuesday, June 14, 5:30-7:30 p.m.

**Wichita:**
Tuesday, June 21, 5:30-7:30 p.m.

Reference to any specific commercial products, process, service, manufacturer, or company does not constitute its endorsement or recommendation. Paid for by Kansas State University